

# Ήχος στο Διαδίκτυο

## Web Audio API

Χρυσούλα Αλεξανδράκη

Τμήμα Μουσικής Τεχνολογίας και Ακουστικής  
Ελληνικό Μεσογειακό Πανεπιστήμιο

# Previous

- HTML DOM API (e.g. HTMLAudioElement)
  - Can do a lot
- Web Audio API
  - Can do much more, e.g.
  - Chrome Music Lab
    - **How were these built?**
    - All our experiments are all built with freely accessible web technology such as [Web Audio API](#), [WebMIDI](#), [Tone.js](#), and more. These tools make it easier for coders to build new interactive music experiences. You can get the open-source code to lots of these experiments [here on Github](#).

# Web Audio API: Cool Audio Stuff

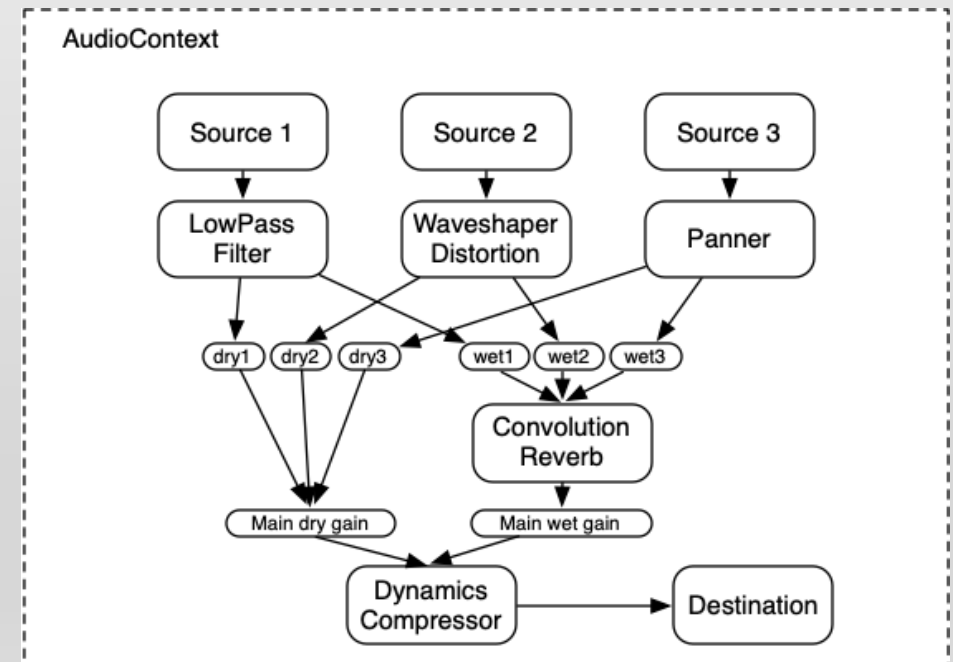
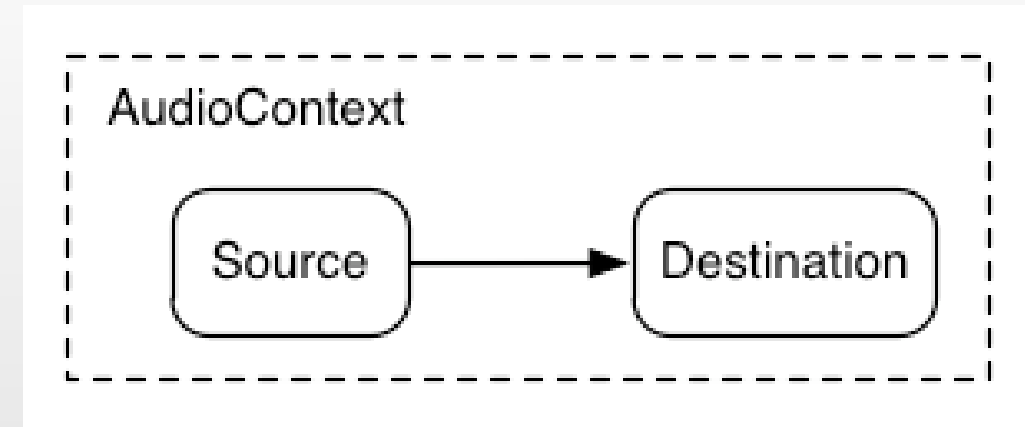
- Audio Signal Processing
- Synthesizing Audio
- Mixing Processing, Filtering
- Audio Visualization
- Game Audio and 3D Audio
- etc.

# Target Web Audio Use Cases

1. [Video Chat Application](#)
2. [3D game with music and convincing sound effects](#)
3. [Online music production tool](#)
4. [Online radio broadcast](#)
5. [Music Creation Environment with Sampled Instruments](#)
6. [Connected DJ booth](#)
7. [Playful sonification of user interfaces](#)
8. [Podcast on a flight](#)
9. [Short film with director's commentary and audio description](#)
10. [Web-based guitar practice service](#)
11. [User Control of Audio](#)

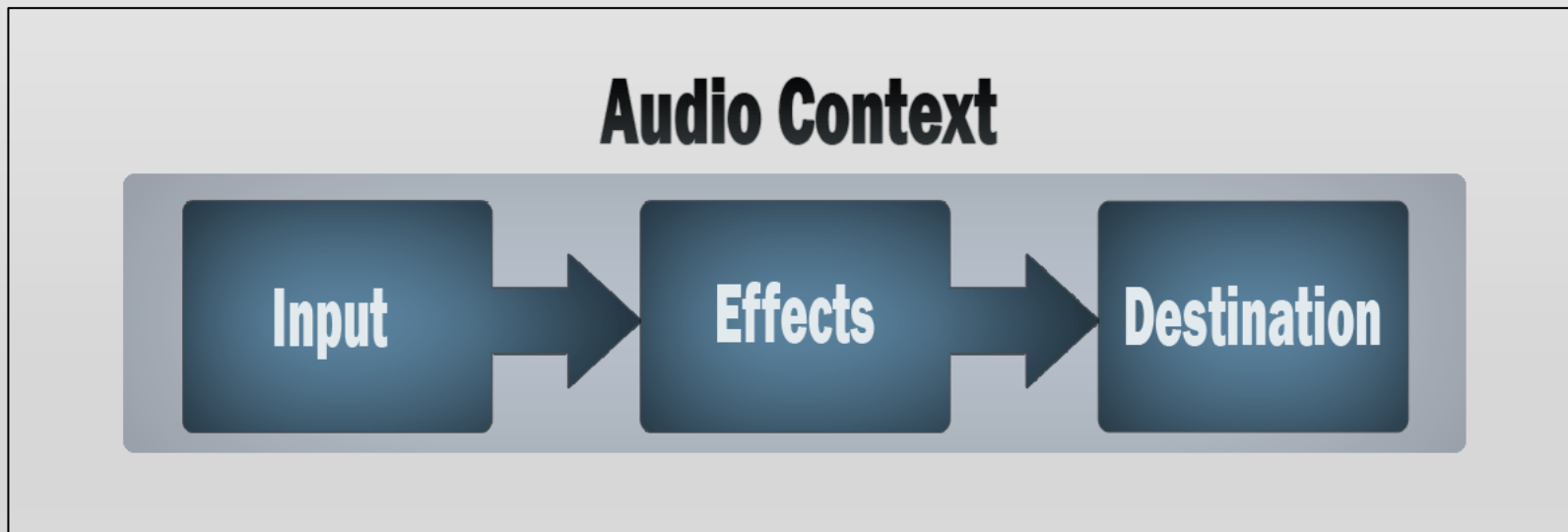
# Modular Routing

- Modular routing allows arbitrary connections between different [AudioNode](#) objects.
- Each node can have *inputs* and/or *outputs*.
  - A *source node* has no inputs and a single output.
  - A *destination node* has one input and no outputs.
  - Other nodes such as filters can be placed between the source and destination nodes.
- AudioNodes are connected to form simple or complex **audio contexts**



# The way it works

- Σύνολο μεθόδων και κλάσεων με τις οποίες μπορούμε να διαχειριστούμε ήχο μέσα από τον Internet browser
  - [https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Web\\_Audio\\_API](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/API/Web_Audio_API)



# AudioContext

## ➤ **AudioContext** is a **JavaScript** interface

- It represents the **audio-processing graph**.
- All audio nodes (GainNode, OscillatorNode, BiquadFilterNode, etc.) are created **through an AudioContext**.
- It controls **timing, audio routing, and processing**.

# AudioContext

➤ Normally one instance per document

```
let ctx = new AudioContext();  
console.log(ctx);
```



# Example

- If run as a file, the following code will result in a CORS error

```
let ctx = new AudioContext();  
const audio = new Audio('../audio/disco0.mp3');  
const source = ctx.createMediaElementSource(audio);  
source.connect(ctx.destination);
```

- Για λόγους ασφαλείας το **Web Audio API** (η `createMediaElementSource()`) δεν επιτρέπει επεξεργασία και δίνει το μήνυμα:

- *“The HTMLMediaElement passed to createMediaElementSource has a cross-origin resource, the node will output silence.”*

- Οι browsers εφαρμόζουν **CORS policy**.

- Τα αρχεία που φορτώνονται από `file://` δεν έχουν HTTP headers, οπότε θεωρούνται μη ασφαλή για επεξεργασία από το Web Audio API.

# Cross Origin Resource Sharing - CORS

- It is a browser security mechanism that controls whether a webpage is allowed to access resources from another origin (domain).
  - If it didn't exist
- An **origin** is the combination of:
  - **protocol** (http / https), **domain**, **port** e.g. <https://example.com:8080>
- CORS does not apply to the files I was loading up to now..
  - Rule of thumb: It applies when **JavaScript tries to access or analyse the contents of a resource from another origin**, not just load it.

# What to do

## ➤ Run a local web server, examples:

### 1. Using python:

- `python -m http.server 8000`

### 2. Using the LiveServer module of VS Code

- Install, Then right click on index.html

### 3. Using Node.js

- `npm install http-server`
- `npx http-server`

## ➤ In options (2), (3), beware of the ***Document Root*** of the server:

- By default, it is the working directory of the terminal session when you run the command to start the server

# Adding an AudioNode between source-dest

➤ E.g. a gain node

```
const source = ctx.createMediaElementSource(audio);  
const gainNode = ctx.createGain();  
source.connect(gainNode).connect(ctx.destination);
```

➤ How do you control the gain node using a volume slider?

# What else can I insert between source-dest?

➤ You could try one of the following:

- [BiquadFilterNode](#)
- [StereoPannerNode](#)
- [DelayNode](#)
- ... and many [more](#)

# Next

- Playlist
- Mixing
- Synthesizing
  - Noise, oscillator
- Visualization
  - Display waveform
- Mic Signal and `getUserMedia()`